

Visualization of Performance Anomalies with Kieker

Results of Bachelor's Thesis

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November 6, 2016

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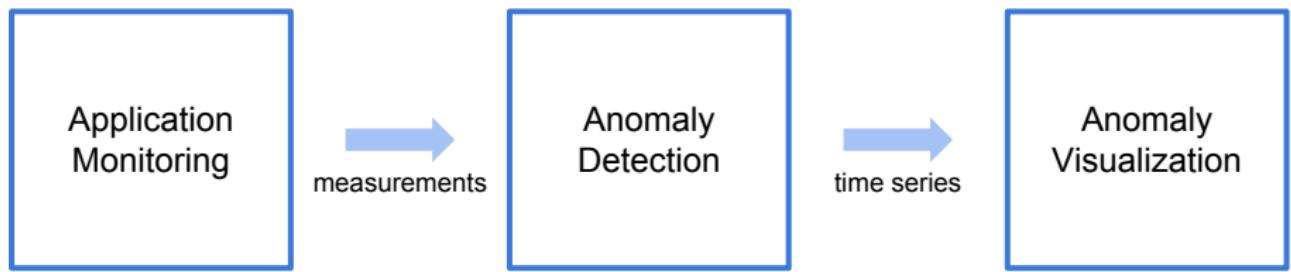
Introduction

Θ PAD and Θ PADx

- ▶ Provide anomaly detection
- ▶ Part of Kieker
- ▶ Only R algorithms
- ▶ Problematic anomaly score
- ▶ No visualization
- ▶ More on this later

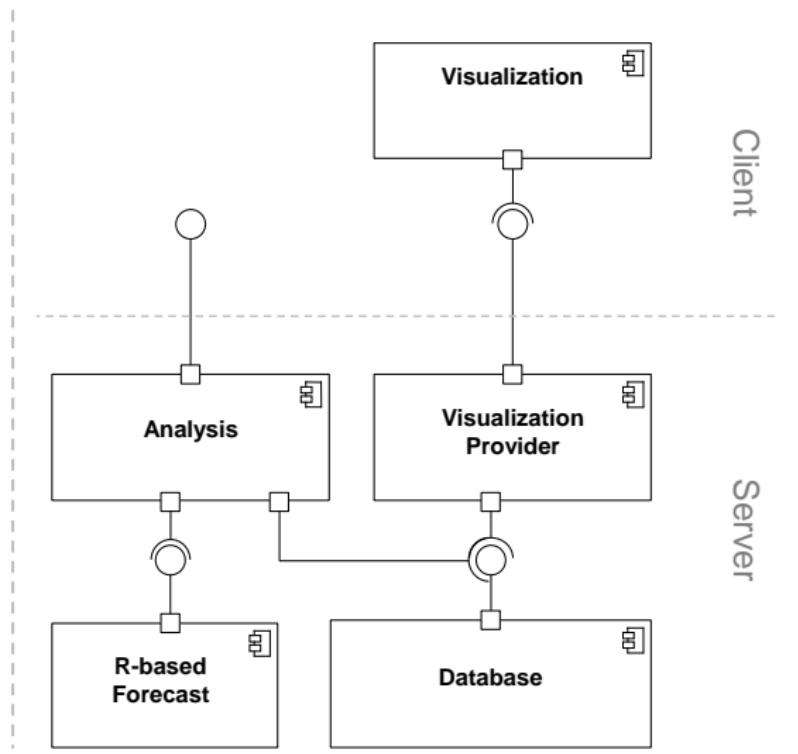
Graphical Overview of our Approach

Our Approach



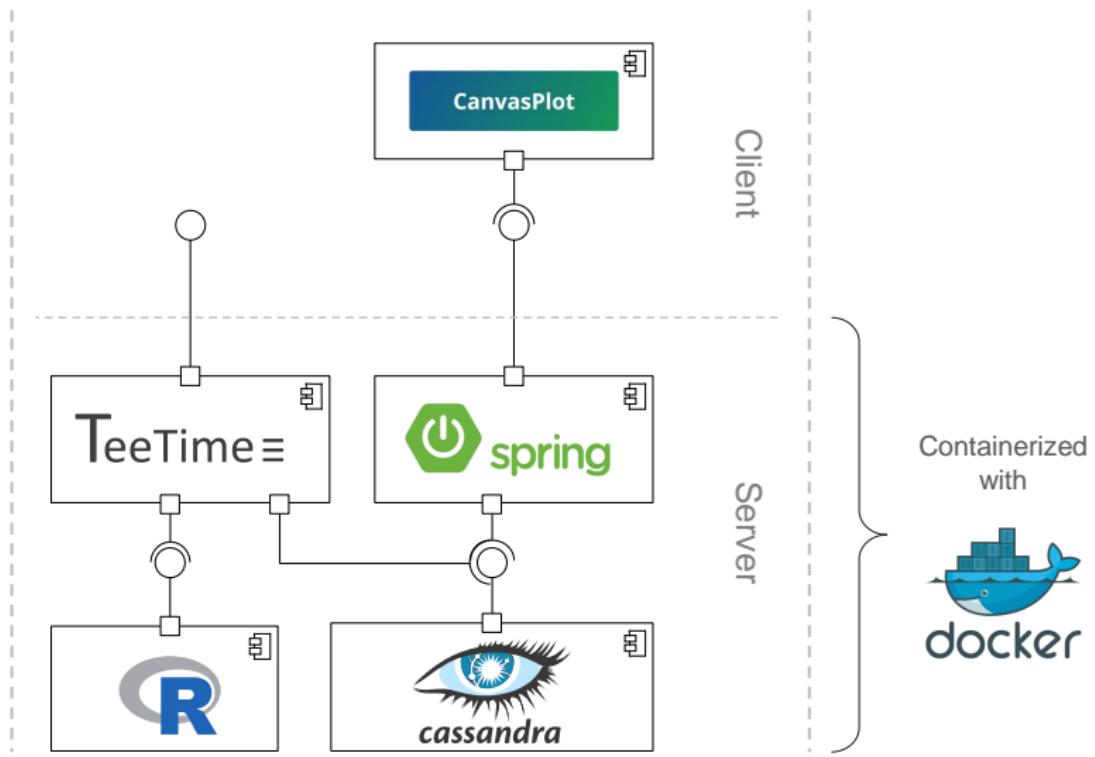
Architecture of our Approach

Our Approach



Architecture of our Implementation

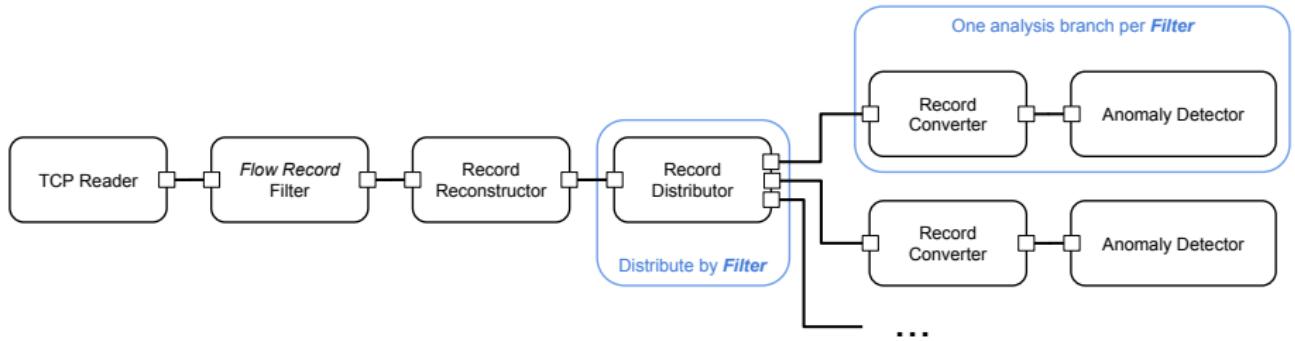
Our Approach



Performance Anomaly Detection

TeeTime Configuration

Our Approach



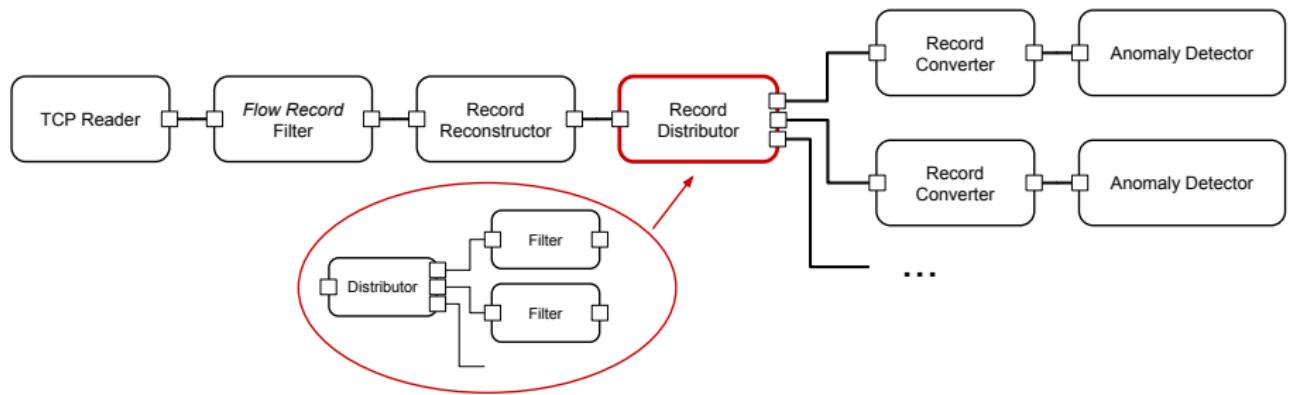
Filter:

- ▶ Operation signature
- ▶ Class signature
- ▶ Host name
- ▶ ...

Performance Anomaly Detection

TeeTime Configuration

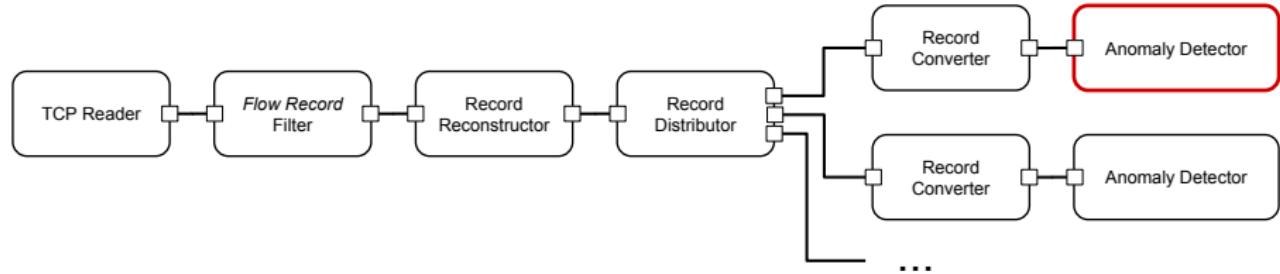
Our Approach



Performance Anomaly Detection

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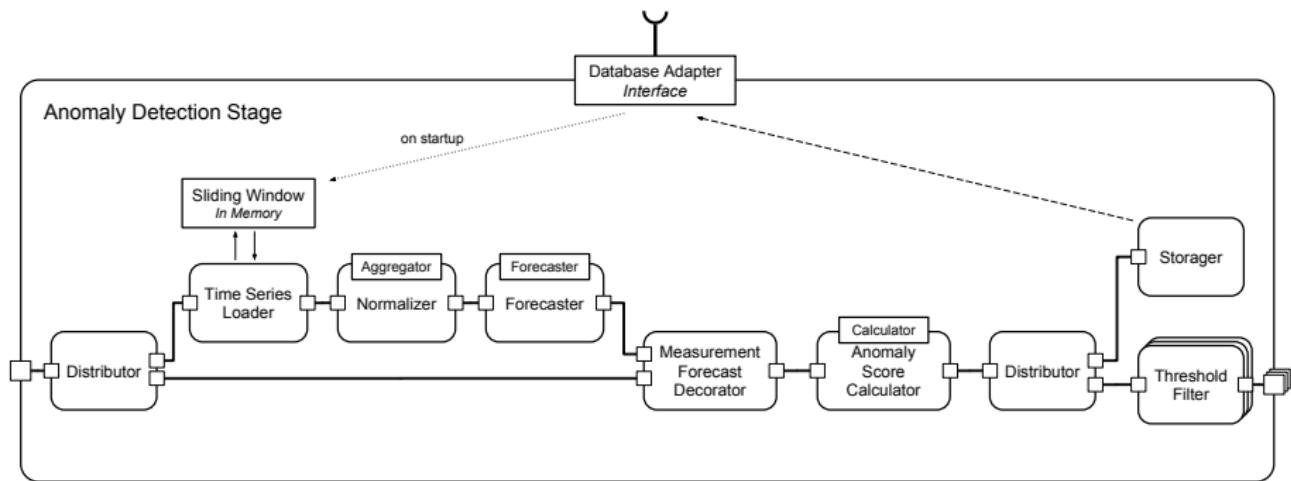
Our Approach



Time Series Analysis and Anomaly Detection

TeeTime Configuration

Our Approach



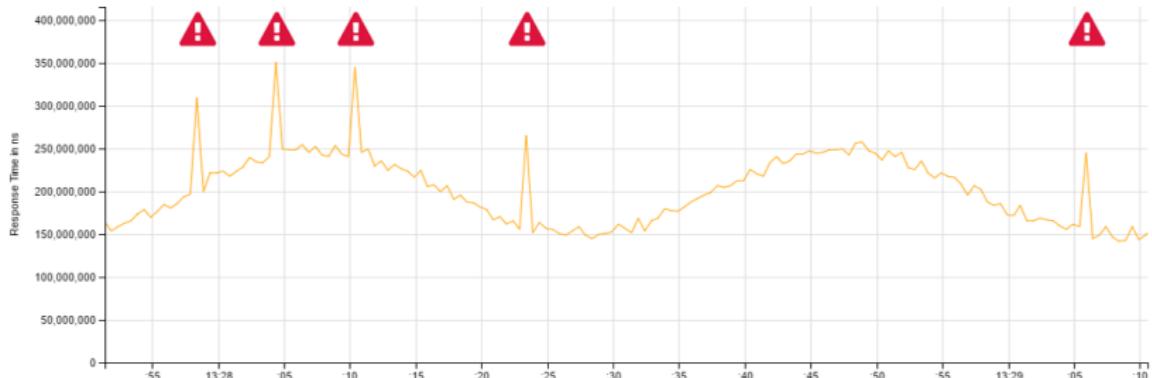
Demo of Visualization

Our Approach

KiekPAD

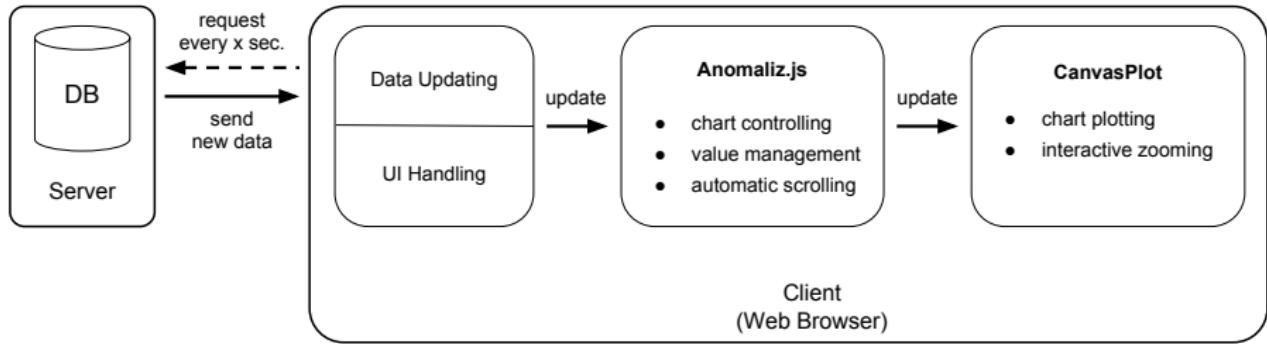
Anomaly Detection

demo-method ▾



Architecture of Visualization

Our Approach



- ▶ Usage of Arne Johanson's CanvasPlot (Johanson 2016)

Comparison to ΘPAD

Our Approach

| | ΘPAD | Our Approach |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Architecture | monolithic | microservices |
| Anomaly scores calculator | bounded to [0, 1], no proportional scaling | unbounded range, proportional scaling |
| Monitoring record processing | after filled interval | immediately |
| Multiple time series | separation in every single stage | separation to single <i>branches</i> |
| Pipe-and-Filter framework | Kieker's internal one | TeeTime |
| Number of implemented forecasters | 1 Java-based, 8 R-based ¹ | 5 Java-based, 1 R-based |
| Database | MongoDB | Cassandra |

¹most of them introduced by Herbst et al. (2014)

Results of Scalability Evaluation

Evaluation

Some examples:

| freq. | sld. window | norm. intvl. | forecaster | Ø exec. time |
|-------|-------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| 5 | 10,000 | 200 | Regression | 1.64 |
| 5 | 400,000 | 20 | Regression | 4.35 |
| 50 | 50,000 | 200 | ARIMA | 69.98 |
| 100 | 100,000 | 500 | ARIMA | 78.24 |
| 150 | 200,000 | 2,000 | ARIMA | 187.21 |
| ... | | | | |

all values in ms

Complete table: <https://build.se.informatik.uni-kiel.de/stu114708/bsc-evaluation-results>

Conclusion

Conclusion and Future Work

- ▶ Further development of the ΘPAD Approach
 - ▶ Proving infrastructure via Docker containers
 - ▶ Immediately record processing

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Conclusion and Future Work

- ▶ Further development of the ΘPAD Approach
 - ▶ Proving infrastructure via Docker containers
 - ▶ Immediately record processing
- ▶ Native Java algorithms for anomaly detection
- ▶ Providing an interactive, real time visualization
- ▶ All implementations available as open source:
github.com/SoerenHenning

Conclusion and Future Work

- ▶ Handling of fast incoming measurements
 - ▶ Aggregate before analysis (Θ PAD)
 - ▶ Suggestion: Cache time series operations

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- ▶ Take advantage of Cassandra's features for data storage

Conclusion and Future Work

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 - ▶ Suggestion: Cache time series operations
- ▶ Parallelized and distributed analysis
 - ▶ Is or will be supported by TeeTime
- ▶ Take advantage of Cassandra's features for data storage
- ▶ Configuration via Rest/GUI

References

- | Herbst, Nikolas Roman et al. (2014). "Self-adaptive workload classification and forecasting for proactive resource provisioning". In: *Concurrency and Computation: Practice and Experience* 26.12, pp. 2053–2078. ISSN: 1532-0634.
- | Johanson, Arne (2016). *CanvasPlot*. Accessed: 2016-09-08. URL: <https://a-johanson.github.io/canvas-plot/>.

Scalability Evaluation

Configuration Scalability Evaluation

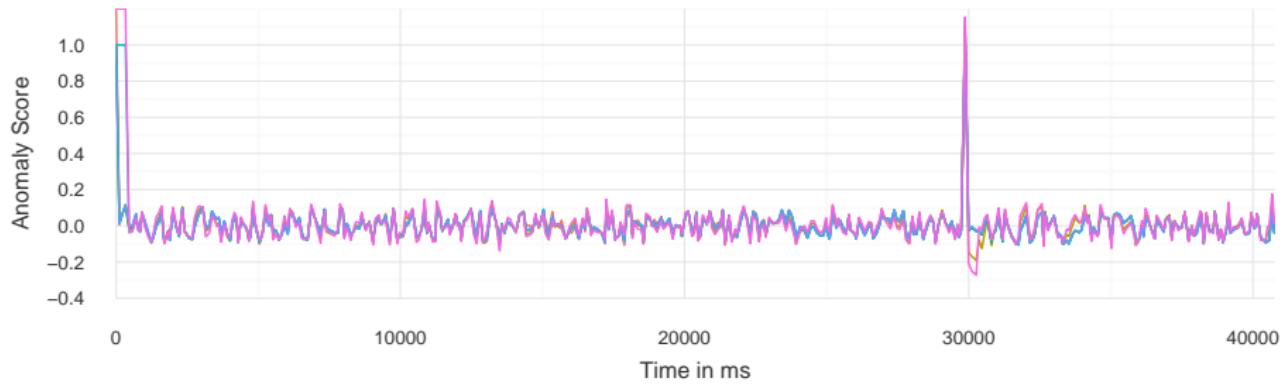
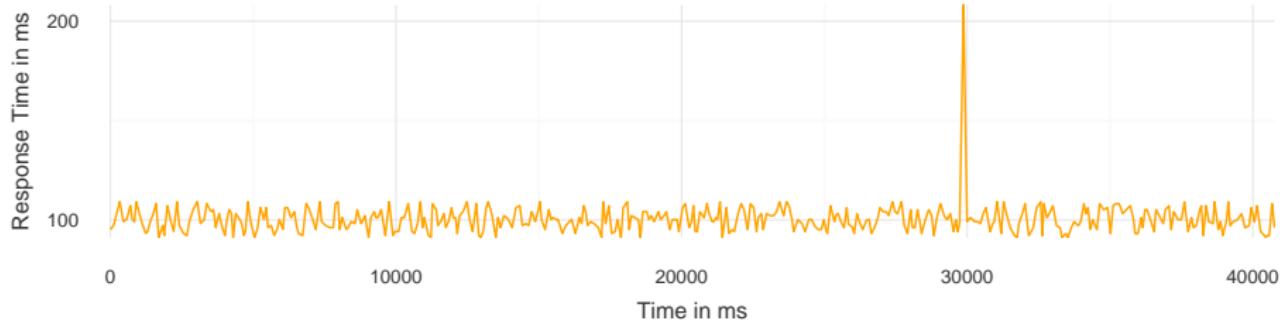
- ▶ Take time for record processing in analysis
- ▶ Evaluate: Execution time \leq measurement frequency ?
- ▶ For all parameter combinations:

| Call Distance | Sliding Window | Normalization Interval | Forecaster | Aggregator |
|---------------|----------------|------------------------|------------|------------|
| 2 ms | 10,000 ms | 10 ms | ARIMA | Mean |
| 5 ms | 50,000 ms | 20 ms | Regression | |
| 10 ms | 100,000 ms | 100 ms | | |
| 50 ms | 150,000 ms | 200 ms | | |
| 100 ms | 200,000 ms | 500 ms | | |
| 150 ms | 400,000 ms | 1,000 ms | | |
| 200 ms | | 2,000 ms | | |

Feasibility Evaluation

Scenario: Constant with Anomaly

Feasibility Evaluation

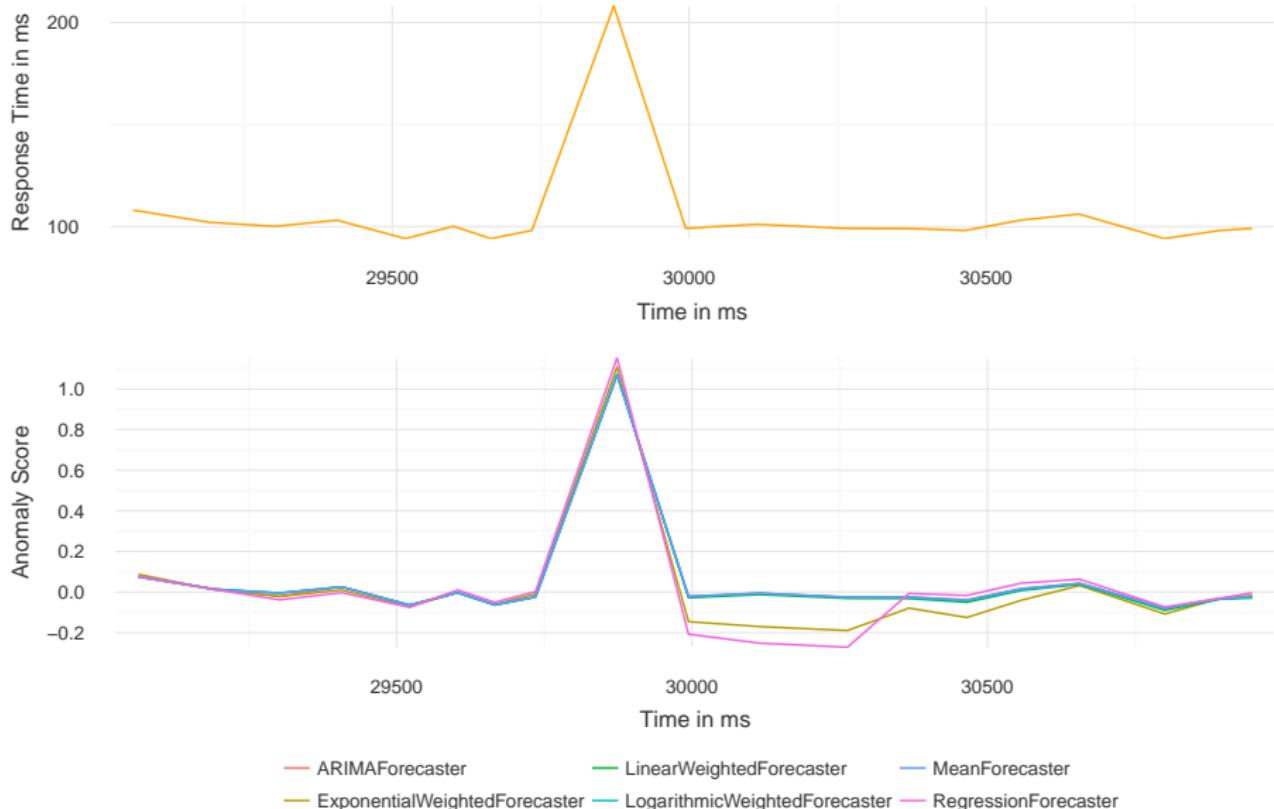


— ARIMAForecaster — LinearWeightedForecaster — MeanForecaster
— ExponentialWeightedForecaster — LogarithmicWeightedForecaster — RegressionForecaster

Feasibility Evaluation

Scenario: Constant with Anomaly - Detail

Feasibility Evaluation



Feasibility Evaluation

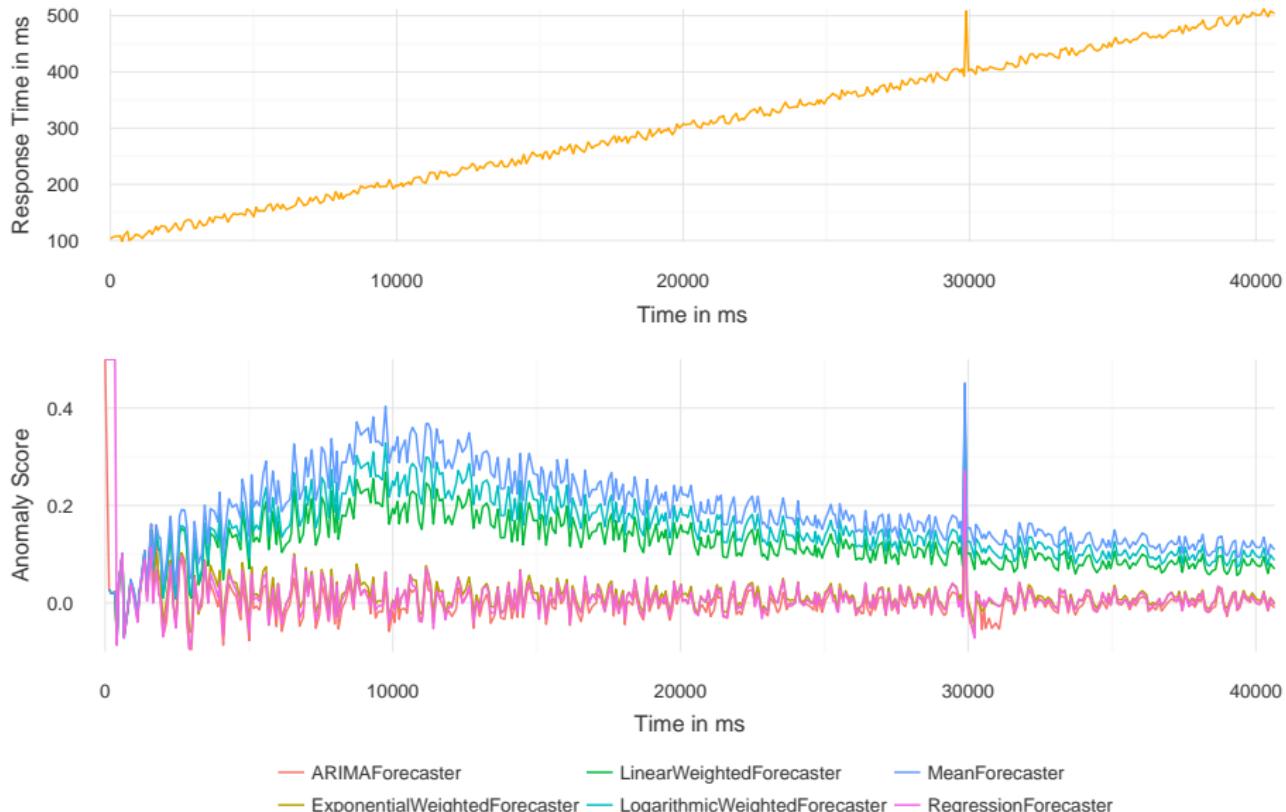
Scenario: Linearly Increasing with Anomaly

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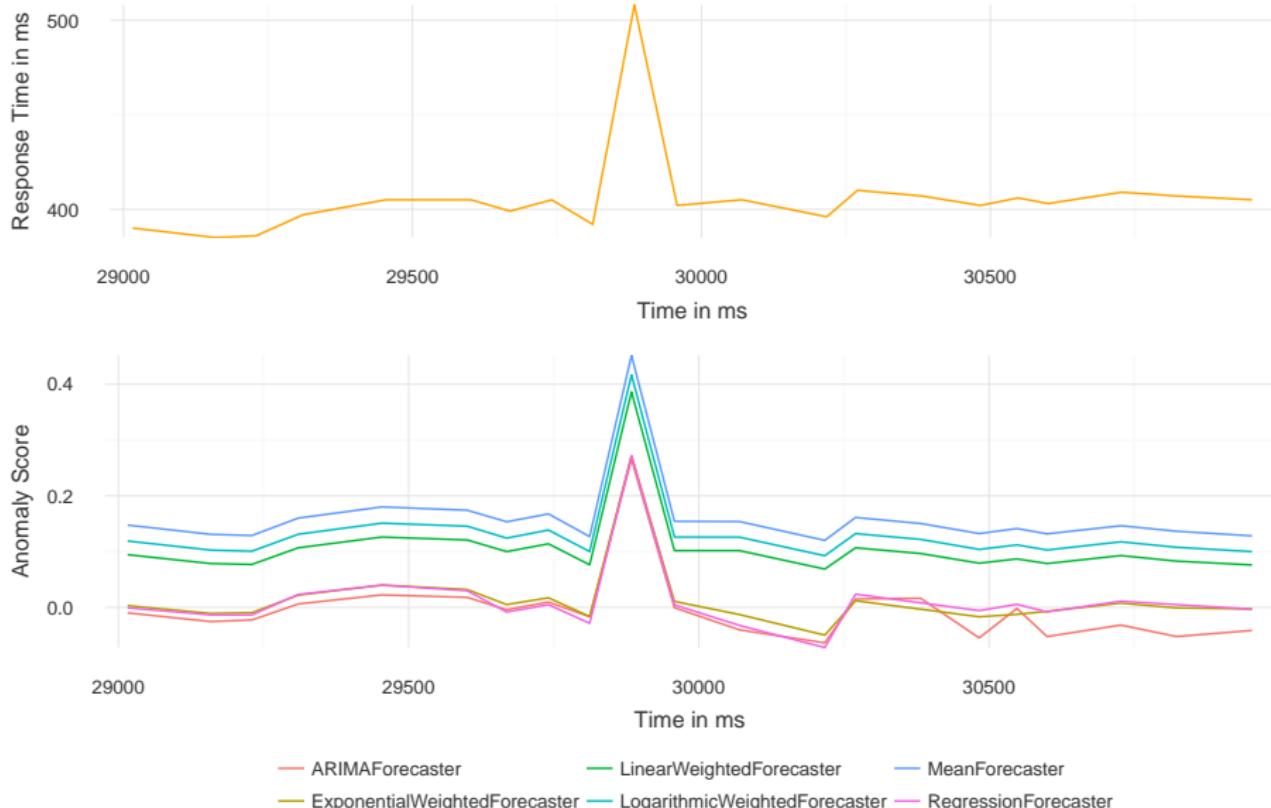
Feasibility Evaluation



Feasibility Evaluation

Scenario: Linearly Increasing with Anomaly - Detail

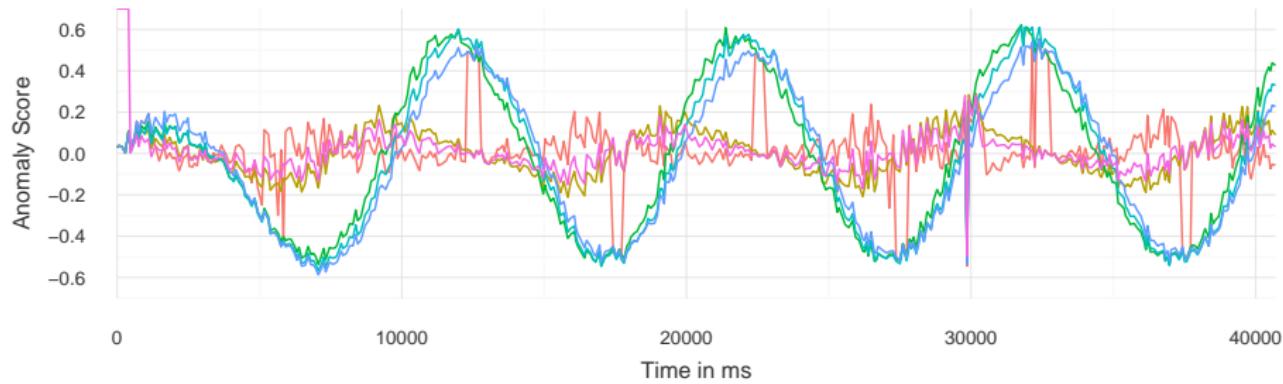
Feasibility Evaluation



Feasibility Evaluation

Scenario: Seasonal with Anomaly

Feasibility Evaluation



Legend:

- ARIMAForecaster
- LinearWeightedForecaster
- MeanForecaster
- ExponentialWeightedForecaster
- LogarithmicWeightedForecaster
- RegressionForecaster

Feasibility Evaluation

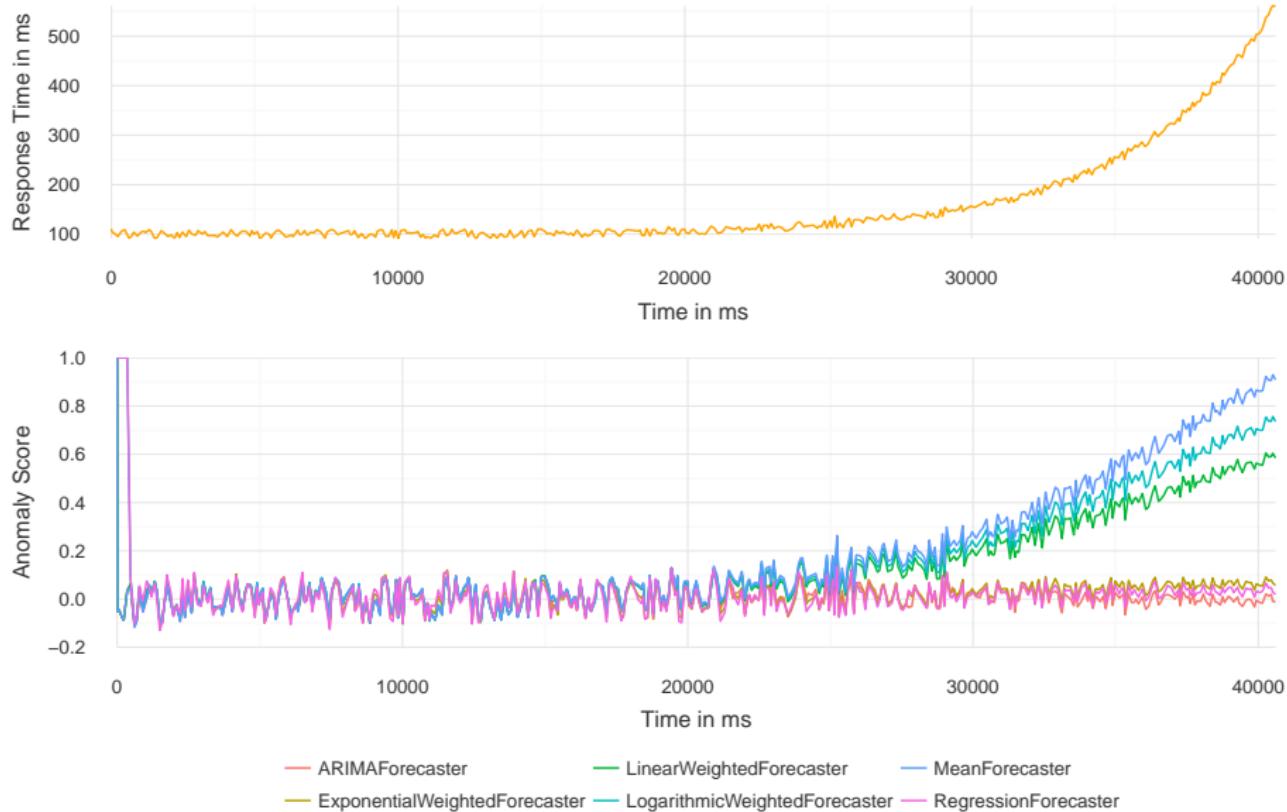
Scenario: Seasonal with Anomaly - Detail

Feasibility Evaluation



Feasibility Evaluation

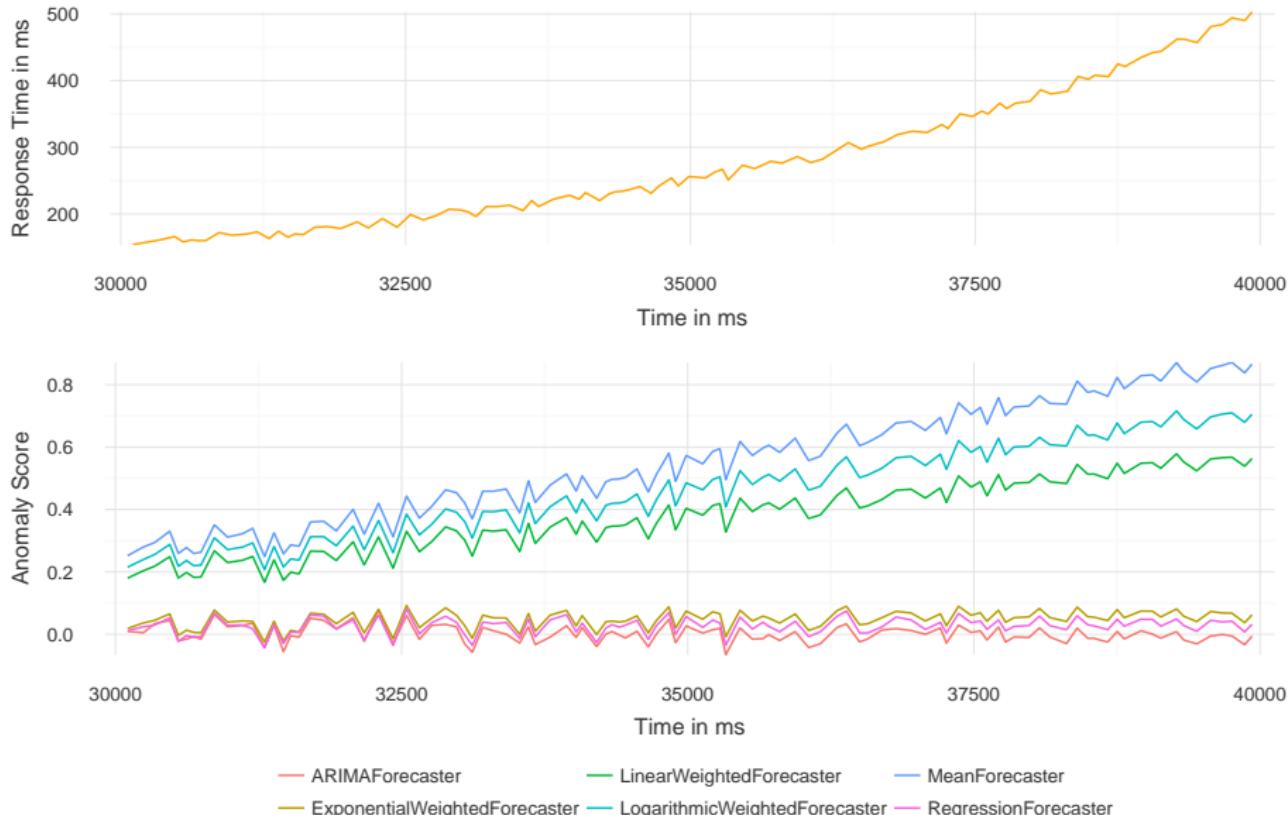
Scenario: Exponential Increasing
Feasibility Evaluation



Feasibility Evaluation

Scenario: Exponential Increasing - Detail

Feasibility Evaluation



Screenshots of Visualization

Feasibility Evaluation



Screenshots of Visualization

Feasibility Evaluation

